



PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Virginia Congressional District 5

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation’s nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$1.23 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 860,375 people in Virginia. The program served 83.4 percent of those eligible for benefits in Virginia in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2015 for each Congressional District.¹ More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2015*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

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Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	32,267	258,751	291,018
With one or more people 60 years and over	34.0%	45.1%	43.9%
With Children under 18 years	48.9%	24.9%	27.6%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months²			
Below poverty level	48.8%	9.0%	13.4%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	56.8%	81.2%	78.5%
Black or African American	40.4%	15.5%	18.2%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	N/A	N/A	N/A
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	0.7%	0.6%	0.6%
Two or more races	1.9%	1.2%	1.2%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	2.7%	2.2%	2.3%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	55.1%	79.7%	77.0%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$20,845	\$55,067	\$50,612
Work Status			
Families	23,006	167,288	190,294
No workers in the past 12 months	19.3%	16.3%	16.6%
1 worker in the past 12 months	53.7%	30.7%	33.5%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	27.0%	53.0%	49.9%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded December 2016), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2015 American Community Survey (ACS), using 114th Congressional District boundaries.

¹ The ACS employs yearly sampling to produce statistical estimates. The descriptive statistics presented here are, therefore, subject to year-on-year measurement variations due to margins of error in the estimates.

² The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.