United States Department of Agriculture

Food and Nutrition Service **January 2017**

PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Texas Congressional District 28

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about $5.27 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 3,724,688 people in Texas. The program served 72.7 percent of those eligible for benefits in Texas in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in $1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2015 for each Congressional District.[1] More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2015*, available at http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis.

Texas Congressional District 28

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	50,797	159,929	210,726
With one or more people 60 years and over	31.0%	36.2%	34.9%
With Children under 18 years	69.4%	37.0%	44.8%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months[2]			
Below poverty level	55.8%	11.0%	21.8%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	91.5%	87.0%	88.1%
Black or African American	3.6%	5.1%	4.8%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	0.5%	1.4%	1.2%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	3.2%	4.6%	4.3%
Two or more races	1.0%	1.6%	1.4%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	88.9%	65.0%	70.8%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	6.7%	27.4%	22.4%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	$19,963	$55,855	$45,054
Work Status			
Families	44,042	118,024	162,066
No workers in the past 12 months	19.3%	11.9%	13.9%
1 worker in the past 12 months	50.0%	35.2%	39.2%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	30.7%	52.9%	46.9%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded December 2016), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2015 American Community Survey (ACS), using 114th Congressional District boundaries.

[1] The ACS employs yearly sampling to produce statistical estimates. The descriptive statistics presented here are, therefore, subject to year-on-year measurement variations due to margins of error in the estimates.

[2] The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.

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