



PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

New Jersey Congressional District 1

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation’s nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$1.29 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 905,728 people in New Jersey. The program served 75.4 percent of those eligible for benefits in New Jersey in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2015 for each Congressional District.¹ More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2015*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

New Jersey Congressional District 1

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	30,308	237,878	268,186
With one or more people 60 years and over	33.5%	38.9%	38.3%
With Children under 18 years	52.0%	29.6%	32.1%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months²			
Below poverty level	49.1%	6.8%	11.6%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	38.3%	74.1%	70.1%
Black or African American	34.8%	15.7%	17.8%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	3.4%	4.5%	4.4%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	16.8%	3.8%	5.3%
Two or more races	6.3%	1.8%	2.3%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	26.4%	8.2%	10.2%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	31.9%	70.4%	66.0%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$19,860	\$74,239	\$67,318
Work Status			
Families	21,440	159,894	181,334
No workers in the past 12 months	28.3%	11.4%	13.4%
1 worker in the past 12 months	50.1%	25.9%	28.8%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	21.6%	62.7%	57.8%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded December 2016), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2015 American Community Survey (ACS), using 114th Congressional District boundaries.

¹ The ACS employs yearly sampling to produce statistical estimates. The descriptive statistics presented here are, therefore, subject to year-on-year measurement variations due to margins of error in the estimates.

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PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

New Jersey Congressional District 2

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation’s nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$1.29 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 905,728 people in New Jersey. The program served 75.4 percent of those eligible for benefits in New Jersey in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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New Jersey Congressional District 2

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	31,643	233,683	265,326
With one or more people 60 years and over	33.5%	47.0%	45.4%
With Children under 18 years	51.4%	28.2%	31.0%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months²			
Below poverty level	47.3%	6.8%	11.6%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	57.0%	84.4%	81.1%
Black or African American	31.2%	8.8%	11.5%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.5%	0.2%	0.3%
Asian	1.8%	3.1%	2.9%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	5.4%	2.3%	2.6%
Two or more races	4.0%	1.2%	1.6%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	28.6%	9.9%	12.1%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	38.3%	77.6%	72.9%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$19,926	\$66,035	\$59,105
Work Status			
Families	21,157	157,657	178,814
No workers in the past 12 months	23.1%	14.2%	15.2%
1 worker in the past 12 months	50.9%	29.1%	31.7%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	26.0%	56.7%	53.1%

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PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

New Jersey Congressional District 3

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation’s nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$1.29 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 905,728 people in New Jersey. The program served 75.4 percent of those eligible for benefits in New Jersey in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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New Jersey Congressional District 3

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	16,872	259,546	276,418
With one or more people 60 years and over	36.8%	45.6%	45.1%
With Children under 18 years	54.1%	27.5%	29.1%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months²			
Below poverty level	40.6%	5.4%	7.6%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	71.1%	84.8%	83.9%
Black or African American	21.5%	8.4%	9.2%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	1.2%	3.1%	3.0%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	1.3%	1.6%	1.6%
Two or more races	4.9%	2.0%	2.1%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	9.9%	5.2%	5.4%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	65.0%	81.9%	80.8%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$21,966	\$74,795	\$71,196
Work Status			
Families	11,956	178,713	190,669
No workers in the past 12 months	22.6%	16.0%	16.4%
1 worker in the past 12 months	45.0%	26.8%	27.9%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	32.4%	57.2%	55.6%

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**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***New Jersey Congressional District 4*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$1.29 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 905,728 people in New Jersey. The program served 75.4 percent of those eligible for benefits in New Jersey in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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New Jersey Congressional District 4

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	18,234	250,128	268,362
With one or more people 60 years and over	32.8%	45.5%	44.6%
With Children under 18 years	53.8%	29.2%	30.8%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months²			
Below poverty level	35.3%	5.7%	7.7%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	81.4%	88.0%	87.6%
Black or African American	12.9%	5.7%	6.2%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	2.6%	3.7%	3.7%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	2.6%	1.5%	1.6%
Two or more races	0.5%	0.9%	0.9%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	15.0%	6.4%	7.0%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	69.8%	83.3%	82.3%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$25,099	\$84,060	\$78,467
Work Status			
Families	12,405	174,509	186,914
No workers in the past 12 months	14.1%	14.0%	14.0%
1 worker in the past 12 months	46.4%	29.4%	30.5%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	39.6%	56.6%	55.5%

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PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

New Jersey Congressional District 5

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation’s nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$1.29 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 905,728 people in New Jersey. The program served 75.4 percent of those eligible for benefits in New Jersey in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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New Jersey Congressional District 5

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	11,860	249,627	261,487
With one or more people 60 years and over	48.3%	42.4%	42.7%
With Children under 18 years	40.6%	34.3%	34.6%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months²			
Below poverty level	36.9%	4.1%	5.6%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	77.0%	82.9%	82.6%
Black or African American	6.3%	4.7%	4.8%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	6.5%	8.2%	8.1%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	6.4%	2.9%	3.1%
Two or more races	3.8%	1.0%	1.1%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	25.7%	9.5%	10.2%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	59.2%	76.7%	75.9%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$22,715	\$100,718	\$96,349
Work Status			
Families	8,181	183,602	191,783
No workers in the past 12 months	19.5%	9.4%	9.8%
1 worker in the past 12 months	44.0%	25.8%	26.6%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	36.5%	64.8%	63.6%

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**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***New Jersey Congressional District 6*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$1.29 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 905,728 people in New Jersey. The program served 75.4 percent of those eligible for benefits in New Jersey in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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New Jersey Congressional District 6

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	19,175	230,841	250,016
With one or more people 60 years and over	39.5%	35.5%	35.8%
With Children under 18 years	51.7%	35.6%	36.8%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months²			
Below poverty level	36.6%	7.5%	9.7%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	57.8%	68.7%	67.9%
Black or African American	23.5%	10.2%	11.2%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	7.5%	16.4%	15.7%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	8.3%	2.7%	3.1%
Two or more races	2.9%	1.7%	1.8%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	36.8%	16.0%	17.6%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	31.5%	56.3%	54.4%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$25,903	\$80,361	\$75,203
Work Status			
Families	14,161	167,187	181,348
No workers in the past 12 months	18.7%	9.5%	10.2%
1 worker in the past 12 months	42.3%	31.3%	32.1%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	39.1%	59.2%	57.6%

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**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***New Jersey Congressional District 7*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$1.29 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 905,728 people in New Jersey. The program served 75.4 percent of those eligible for benefits in New Jersey in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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New Jersey Congressional District 7

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	10,454	255,282	265,736
With one or more people 60 years and over	36.6%	38.9%	38.8%
With Children under 18 years	45.2%	33.8%	34.2%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months²			
Below poverty level	40.9%	3.7%	5.2%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	70.3%	84.0%	83.5%
Black or African American	8.8%	3.4%	3.6%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	4.3%	8.6%	8.4%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	12.4%	3.2%	3.5%
Two or more races	4.2%	0.8%	0.9%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	28.0%	8.0%	8.8%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	53.5%	79.4%	78.4%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$22,500	\$105,375	\$101,746
Work Status			
Families	6,943	186,446	193,389
No workers in the past 12 months	23.2%	10.1%	10.5%
1 worker in the past 12 months	47.6%	26.6%	27.4%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	29.3%	63.3%	62.1%

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PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

New Jersey Congressional District 8

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation’s nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$1.29 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 905,728 people in New Jersey. The program served 75.4 percent of those eligible for benefits in New Jersey in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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New Jersey Congressional District 8

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	46,768	231,686	278,454
With one or more people 60 years and over	38.5%	27.3%	29.2%
With Children under 18 years	52.2%	30.2%	33.9%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months²			
Below poverty level	46.7%	12.0%	17.8%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	54.4%	60.4%	59.4%
Black or African American	14.4%	9.7%	10.5%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.7%	0.3%	0.4%
Asian	1.2%	10.3%	8.8%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	25.6%	16.7%	18.2%
Two or more races	3.8%	2.5%	2.7%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	74.9%	44.0%	49.2%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	9.2%	35.3%	30.9%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$21,460	\$64,863	\$55,090
Work Status			
Families	33,997	141,239	175,236
No workers in the past 12 months	18.4%	7.8%	9.9%
1 worker in the past 12 months	50.6%	33.1%	36.5%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	31.0%	59.1%	53.6%

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**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***New Jersey Congressional District 9*

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New Jersey Congressional District 9

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	42,391	217,029	259,420
With one or more people 60 years and over	36.8%	39.7%	39.2%
With Children under 18 years	51.4%	31.0%	34.3%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months²			
Below poverty level	53.6%	8.9%	16.2%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	42.3%	65.1%	61.4%
Black or African American	17.9%	8.8%	10.3%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	6.5%	13.8%	12.6%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	28.5%	10.2%	13.2%
Two or more races	4.3%	1.7%	2.1%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	57.0%	25.7%	30.8%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	18.7%	51.0%	45.7%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$17,247	\$71,587	\$60,867
Work Status			
Families	30,518	148,544	179,062
No workers in the past 12 months	30.3%	9.8%	13.3%
1 worker in the past 12 months	43.9%	33.6%	35.3%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	25.8%	56.6%	51.4%

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**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***New Jersey Congressional District 10*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$1.29 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 905,728 people in New Jersey. The program served 75.4 percent of those eligible for benefits in New Jersey in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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New Jersey Congressional District 10

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	49,907	222,539	272,446
With one or more people 60 years and over	32.3%	34.3%	34.0%
With Children under 18 years	49.9%	31.6%	35.0%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months²			
Below poverty level	54.1%	11.8%	19.5%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	22.1%	34.2%	32.0%
Black or African American	59.3%	48.8%	50.7%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	4.8%	7.0%	6.6%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	10.6%	7.9%	8.4%
Two or more races	3.2%	1.9%	2.1%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	24.3%	16.6%	18.1%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	12.1%	26.2%	23.6%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$16,495	\$56,588	\$47,184
Work Status			
Families	34,157	140,909	175,066
No workers in the past 12 months	25.2%	9.4%	12.5%
1 worker in the past 12 months	52.5%	36.4%	39.6%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	22.3%	54.2%	48.0%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded December 2016), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2015 American Community Survey (ACS), using 114th Congressional District boundaries.

¹ The ACS employs yearly sampling to produce statistical estimates. The descriptive statistics presented here are, therefore, subject to year-on-year measurement variations due to margins of error in the estimates.

² The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.

**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***New Jersey Congressional District 11*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$1.29 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 905,728 people in New Jersey. The program served 75.4 percent of those eligible for benefits in New Jersey in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2015 for each Congressional District.¹ More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2015*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

New Jersey Congressional District 11

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	8,059	253,212	261,271
With one or more people 60 years and over	55.7%	41.9%	42.4%
With Children under 18 years	44.0%	32.2%	32.6%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months²			
Below poverty level	33.7%	3.7%	4.6%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	74.2%	86.2%	85.8%
Black or African American	11.9%	2.7%	3.0%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	6.4%	8.1%	8.0%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	3.9%	1.4%	1.4%
Two or more races	3.6%	1.6%	1.6%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	24.6%	7.7%	8.2%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	56.7%	80.3%	79.5%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$26,781	\$105,458	\$102,205
Work Status			
Families	5,166	181,409	186,575
No workers in the past 12 months	18.6%	9.8%	10.0%
1 worker in the past 12 months	34.9%	26.9%	27.1%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	46.5%	63.3%	62.9%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded December 2016), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2015 American Community Survey (ACS), using 114th Congressional District boundaries.

¹ The ACS employs yearly sampling to produce statistical estimates. The descriptive statistics presented here are, therefore, subject to year-on-year measurement variations due to margins of error in the estimates.

² The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.

**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***New Jersey Congressional District 12*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$1.29 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 905,728 people in New Jersey. The program served 75.4 percent of those eligible for benefits in New Jersey in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2015 for each Congressional District.¹ More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2015*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

New Jersey Congressional District 12

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	15,537	245,304	260,841
With one or more people 60 years and over	31.0%	39.9%	39.3%
With Children under 18 years	54.4%	33.6%	34.9%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months²			
Below poverty level	46.6%	7.2%	9.5%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	37.1%	65.1%	63.5%
Black or African American	44.0%	16.2%	17.8%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	6.6%	15.1%	14.6%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	10.2%	2.4%	2.9%
Two or more races	2.1%	0.9%	1.0%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	29.9%	12.5%	13.5%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	18.0%	56.2%	53.9%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$21,706	\$82,623	\$78,982
Work Status			
Families	11,656	174,040	185,696
No workers in the past 12 months	19.4%	12.0%	12.5%
1 worker in the past 12 months	43.5%	30.7%	31.5%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	37.1%	57.3%	56.0%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded December 2016), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2015 American Community Survey (ACS), using 114th Congressional District boundaries.

¹ The ACS employs yearly sampling to produce statistical estimates. The descriptive statistics presented here are, therefore, subject to year-on-year measurement variations due to margins of error in the estimates.

² The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.