



# PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

## Minnesota Congressional District 1

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation’s nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$0.63 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 496,023 people in Minnesota. The program served 88.3 percent of those eligible for benefits in Minnesota in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2015 for each Congressional District.<sup>1</sup> More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2015*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

### Minnesota Congressional District 1

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	19,530	243,285	262,815
With one or more people 60 years and over	23.7%	39.1%	38.0%
With Children under 18 years	51.2%	26.6%	28.4%
<b>Poverty Status in the past 12 Months<sup>2</sup></b>			
Below poverty level	46.0%	7.7%	10.6%
<b>Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder</b>			
White	82.4%	95.2%	94.2%
Black or African American	11.7%	1.0%	1.8%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	3.1%	1.9%	2.0%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	1.3%	1.1%	1.1%
Two or more races	1.4%	0.7%	0.7%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	8.8%	3.6%	4.0%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	75.1%	92.8%	91.5%
<b>Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)</b>			
Median income (dollars)	\$19,246	\$60,914	\$57,189
<b>Work Status</b>			
Families	11,807	157,018	168,825
No workers in the past 12 months	13.6%	12.8%	12.9%
1 worker in the past 12 months	57.3%	23.4%	25.8%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	29.2%	63.8%	61.3%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded December 2016), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2015 American Community Survey (ACS), using 114<sup>th</sup> Congressional District boundaries.

<sup>1</sup> The ACS employs yearly sampling to produce statistical estimates. The descriptive statistics presented here are, therefore, subject to year-on-year measurement variations due to margins of error in the estimates.

<sup>2</sup> The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.



# PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

## Minnesota Congressional District 2

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation’s nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$0.63 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 496,023 people in Minnesota. The program served 88.3 percent of those eligible for benefits in Minnesota in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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### Minnesota Congressional District 2

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	14,909	243,155	258,064
With one or more people 60 years and over	21.3%	33.4%	32.7%
With Children under 18 years	54.0%	34.5%	35.7%
<b>Poverty Status in the past 12 Months<sup>2</sup></b>			
Below poverty level	42.7%	4.6%	6.8%
<b>Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder</b>			
White	69.3%	90.7%	89.5%
Black or African American	12.5%	3.2%	3.7%
American Indian and Alaska Native	2.2%	0.3%	0.4%
Asian	4.1%	3.2%	3.2%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	4.7%	1.3%	1.5%
Two or more races	7.2%	1.3%	1.7%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	7.9%	3.5%	3.7%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	66.1%	89.0%	87.6%
<b>Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)</b>			
Median income (dollars)	\$24,525	\$81,311	\$77,122
<b>Work Status</b>			
Families	9,896	173,054	182,950
No workers in the past 12 months	14.0%	9.1%	9.4%
1 worker in the past 12 months	58.0%	24.9%	26.7%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	27.9%	66.1%	64.0%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded December 2016), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2015 American Community Survey (ACS), using 114<sup>th</sup> Congressional District boundaries.

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**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***Minnesota Congressional District 3*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$0.63 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 496,023 people in Minnesota. The program served 88.3 percent of those eligible for benefits in Minnesota in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2015 for each Congressional District.<sup>1</sup> More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2015*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

**Minnesota Congressional District 3**

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	16,688	257,461	274,149
With one or more people 60 years and over	25.1%	36.8%	36.1%
With Children under 18 years	48.3%	30.5%	31.6%
<b>Poverty Status in the past 12 Months<sup>2</sup></b>			
Below poverty level	32.6%	3.7%	5.4%
<b>Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder</b>			
White	62.3%	87.7%	86.2%
Black or African American	26.7%	4.7%	6.0%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.9%	0.3%	0.3%
Asian	6.1%	5.2%	5.3%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	1.6%	0.8%	0.9%
Two or more races	2.4%	1.2%	1.3%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	4.8%	2.6%	2.7%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	58.3%	86.1%	84.4%
<b>Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)</b>			
Median income (dollars)	\$29,802	\$86,202	\$81,788
<b>Work Status</b>			
Families	10,711	176,888	187,599
No workers in the past 12 months	13.4%	10.1%	10.3%
1 worker in the past 12 months	40.8%	24.7%	25.6%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	45.8%	65.2%	64.1%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded December 2016), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2015 American Community Survey (ACS), using 114<sup>th</sup> Congressional District boundaries.

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**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***Minnesota Congressional District 4*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$0.63 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 496,023 people in Minnesota. The program served 88.3 percent of those eligible for benefits in Minnesota in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2015 for each Congressional District.<sup>1</sup> More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2015*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

**Minnesota Congressional District 4**

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	29,766	238,230	267,996
With one or more people 60 years and over	26.7%	35.9%	34.9%
With Children under 18 years	54.7%	29.2%	32.1%
<b>Poverty Status in the past 12 Months<sup>2</sup></b>			
Below poverty level	48.8%	5.9%	10.7%
<b>Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder</b>			
White	47.1%	84.2%	80.1%
Black or African American	26.3%	6.2%	8.4%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%
Asian	19.7%	6.2%	7.7%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	3.1%	0.7%	0.9%
Two or more races	3.5%	2.3%	2.4%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	8.6%	3.9%	4.4%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	42.2%	81.2%	76.9%
<b>Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)</b>			
Median income (dollars)	\$19,084	\$70,814	\$63,638
<b>Work Status</b>			
Families	19,274	145,505	164,779
No workers in the past 12 months	15.8%	10.8%	11.4%
1 worker in the past 12 months	47.8%	25.1%	27.8%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	36.4%	64.1%	60.9%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded December 2016), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2015 American Community Survey (ACS), using 114<sup>th</sup> Congressional District boundaries.

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# PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

## Minnesota Congressional District 5

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation’s nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$0.63 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 496,023 people in Minnesota. The program served 88.3 percent of those eligible for benefits in Minnesota in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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### Minnesota Congressional District 5

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	39,565	256,966	296,531
With one or more people 60 years and over	26.4%	27.8%	27.6%
With Children under 18 years	46.6%	21.4%	24.7%
<b>Poverty Status in the past 12 Months<sup>2</sup></b>			
Below poverty level	52.7%	8.2%	14.2%
<b>Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder</b>			
White	34.7%	80.8%	74.6%
Black or African American	52.2%	9.1%	14.8%
American Indian and Alaska Native	1.5%	0.5%	0.6%
Asian	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	3.1%	2.0%	2.2%
Two or more races	3.4%	2.6%	2.7%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	9.8%	5.1%	5.7%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	29.6%	77.9%	71.5%
<b>Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)</b>			
Median income (dollars)	\$17,158	\$64,801	\$56,752
<b>Work Status</b>			
Families	22,277	123,987	146,264
No workers in the past 12 months	18.9%	8.1%	9.7%
1 worker in the past 12 months	47.5%	25.1%	28.5%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	33.6%	66.8%	61.8%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded December 2016), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2015 American Community Survey (ACS), using 114<sup>th</sup> Congressional District boundaries.

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# PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

## Minnesota Congressional District 6

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation’s nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$0.63 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 496,023 people in Minnesota. The program served 88.3 percent of those eligible for benefits in Minnesota in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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### Minnesota Congressional District 6

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	18,860	230,147	249,007
With one or more people 60 years and over	19.7%	32.6%	31.6%
With Children under 18 years	64.1%	34.7%	36.9%
<b>Poverty Status in the past 12 Months<sup>2</sup></b>			
Below poverty level	39.6%	4.8%	7.4%
<b>Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder</b>			
White	81.1%	95.2%	94.2%
Black or African American	12.0%	1.2%	2.0%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	0.7%	1.6%	1.6%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	2.3%	0.5%	0.6%
Two or more races	3.7%	1.2%	1.4%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	4.9%	1.5%	1.8%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	79.3%	94.4%	93.2%
<b>Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)</b>			
Median income (dollars)	\$22,429	\$77,602	\$73,227
<b>Work Status</b>			
Families	14,185	169,396	183,581
No workers in the past 12 months	15.5%	10.9%	11.2%
1 worker in the past 12 months	50.3%	22.8%	24.9%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	34.2%	66.4%	63.9%

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# PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

## Minnesota Congressional District 7

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation’s nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$0.63 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 496,023 people in Minnesota. The program served 88.3 percent of those eligible for benefits in Minnesota in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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### Minnesota Congressional District 7

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	22,921	244,237	267,158
With one or more people 60 years and over	28.8%	43.0%	41.8%
With Children under 18 years	46.1%	26.7%	28.4%
<b>Poverty Status in the past 12 Months<sup>2</sup></b>			
Below poverty level	50.0%	7.4%	11.1%
<b>Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder</b>			
White	79.7%	96.0%	94.6%
Black or African American	6.2%	0.4%	0.9%
American Indian and Alaska Native	8.8%	1.8%	2.4%
Asian	1.0%	0.5%	0.5%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%
Some other race	1.7%	0.6%	0.7%
Two or more races	2.6%	0.6%	0.8%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	6.9%	2.6%	3.0%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	74.5%	94.1%	92.4%
<b>Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)</b>			
Median income (dollars)	\$17,010	\$58,154	\$54,481
<b>Work Status</b>			
Families	13,411	160,883	174,294
No workers in the past 12 months	17.7%	14.1%	14.4%
1 worker in the past 12 months	51.3%	24.2%	26.3%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	31.0%	61.7%	59.3%

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# PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

## Minnesota Congressional District 8

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation’s nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2015, SNAP provided about \$0.63 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 496,023 people in Minnesota. The program served 88.3 percent of those eligible for benefits in Minnesota in 2014. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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### Minnesota Congressional District 8

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	24,399	247,143	271,542
With one or more people 60 years and over	30.8%	45.1%	43.9%
With Children under 18 years	48.7%	25.2%	27.4%
<b>Poverty Status in the past 12 Months<sup>2</sup></b>			
Below poverty level	47.7%	7.7%	11.3%
<b>Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder</b>			
White	87.5%	96.4%	95.6%
Black or African American	1.7%	0.4%	0.5%
American Indian and Alaska Native	6.2%	1.6%	2.0%
Asian	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	N/A	N/A	N/A
Two or more races	4.2%	1.2%	1.5%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	1.1%	0.8%	0.8%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	86.7%	95.8%	95.0%
<b>Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2015 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)</b>			
Median income (dollars)	\$20,210	\$56,253	\$52,179
<b>Work Status</b>			
Families	15,247	160,411	175,658
No workers in the past 12 months	21.2%	17.2%	17.5%
1 worker in the past 12 months	46.6%	27.5%	29.1%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	32.2%	55.4%	53.4%

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